

Enhanced exciton emission from ZnO nano-phosphor induced by Yb³⁺ ions

G.L. Kabongo^{a,b,c}, G.H.Mhlongo^{b,n}, B.M.Mothudi^a, K.T.Hillie^{b,d}, H.C. Swart^d, M.S.Dhlamini^{a,b,nn}

^a Department of Physics, University of South Africa, PO Box 392, 0003 South Africa

^b CSIR-National Centre for Nano-Structured Materials, PO Box 395, Pretoria, 0001 South Africa

^c Département de Physique, Université Pédagogique Nationale, 8815 Kinshasa/Ngaliema, République Démocratique du Congo

^d Department of Physics, University of Free State, Bloemfontein 9300, South Africa

Abstract

In this work, the sol–gel method was used to prepare Ytterbium (Yb³⁺) doped ZnO nano-phosphors with different concentrations of Yb³⁺ ions. Their structural, morphological, photoluminescence, electronic states and the chemical composition analysis were investigated in detail. Both pure and Yb³⁺ doped ZnO were found to have hexagonal wurtzite structure with the particle size in the range of 4–7 nm in diameter. Addition of Yb³⁺ ions into the ZnO host lattice led to enhanced exciton emission from ZnO indicating energy transfer from Yb³⁺ ions to ZnO or a reduction of oxygen related defects.