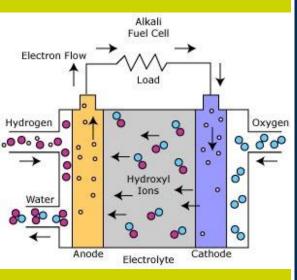
Mark Rohwer, Kenneth Ozoemena and Mmalewane Modibedi



#### Introduction

Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity Characterisation Conclusions



#### What is a fuel cell?

- A device that can convert chemical energy of a fuel directly to electricity
- Potentially very efficient and clean at source

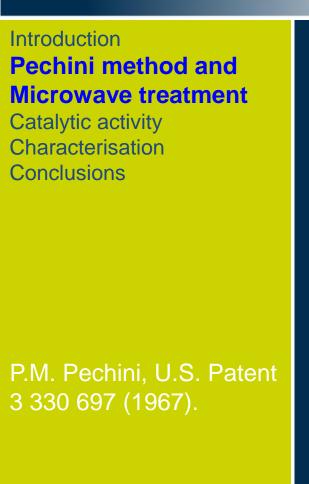
#### Challenges:

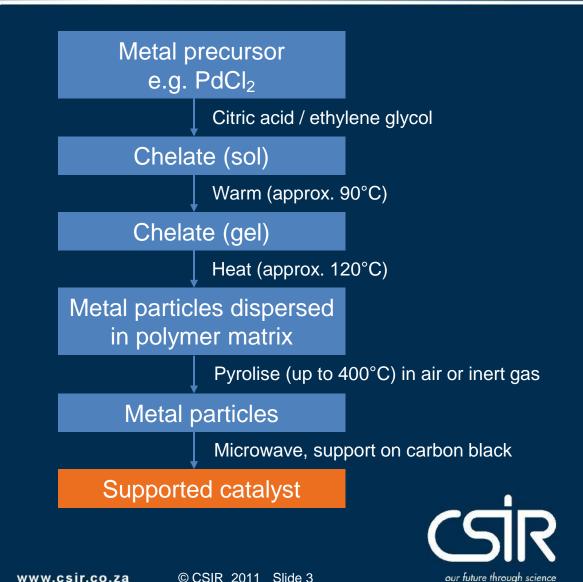
- Requirement for expensive PGM catalysts, usually
- dispersed on high-surface-area support, e.g. carbon black
- Efficiency, durability

#### Why alkaline, why ethanol?

- Improved O<sub>2</sub> reduction kinetics
- Non-PGM catalysts can be used (cost reduction)
- Ethanol is renewable and easily handled
- Why Pd compounds?
- Effective catalyst for ethanol electro-oxidation





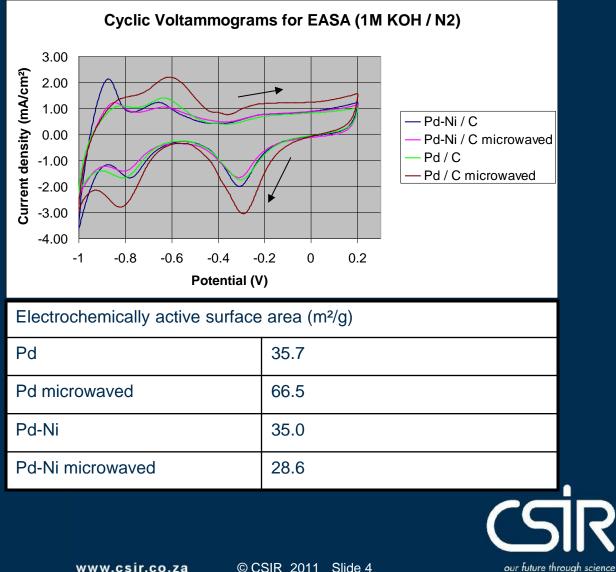


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Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment **Catalytic activity** 

Characterisation Conclusions

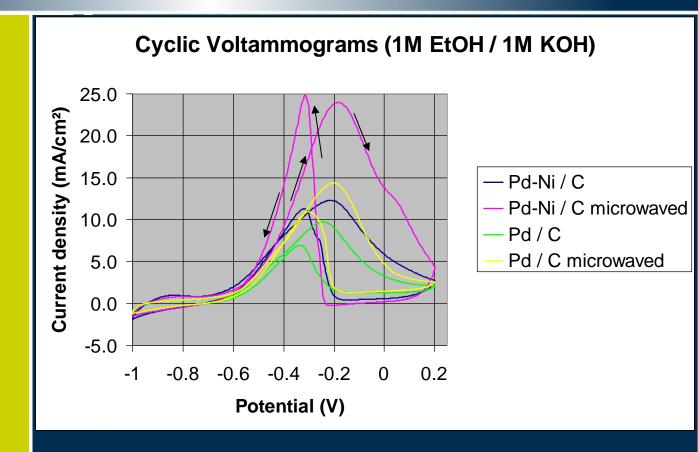
Metal loading: 0.045 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>



Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment **Catalytic activity** 

Characterisation Conclusions

Metal loading: 0.045 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>



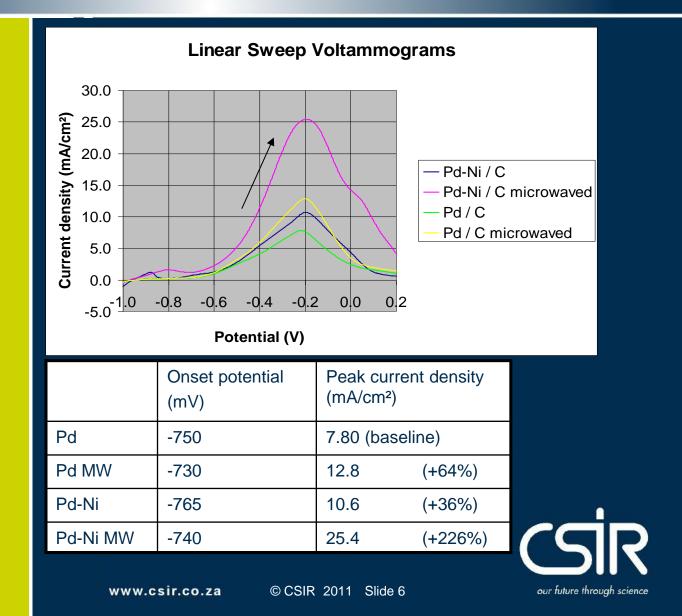


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Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment **Catalytic activity** 

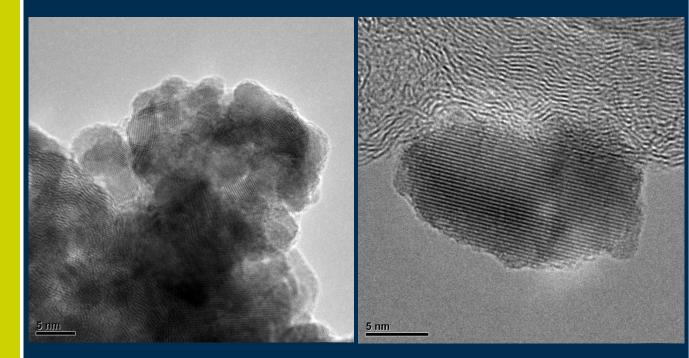
Characterisation Conclusions

Metal loading: 0.045 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>



Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity **Characterisation** Conclusions

#### High resolution TEM, Pd / C:

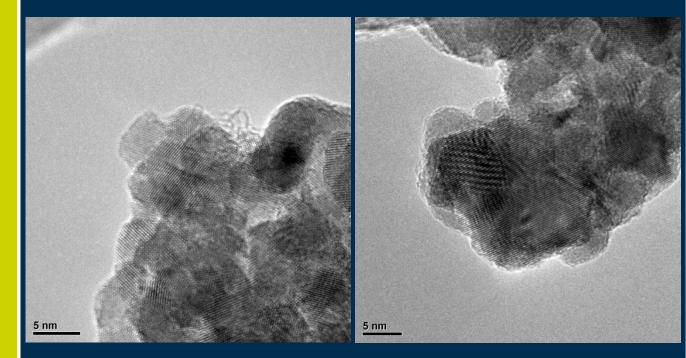


Particles vary from ca. 8 to ca. 15 nm and are often agglomerated



Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity **Characterisation** Conclusions

#### High resolution TEM, Pd / C, microwaved:



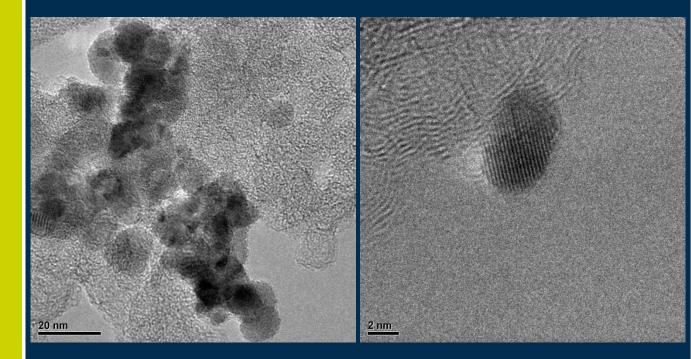
Particles vary from ca. 8 to ca. 15 nm; somewhat more agglomeration observed than before microwaving



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Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity **Characterisation** Conclusions

#### High resolution TEM, Pd-Ni / C:

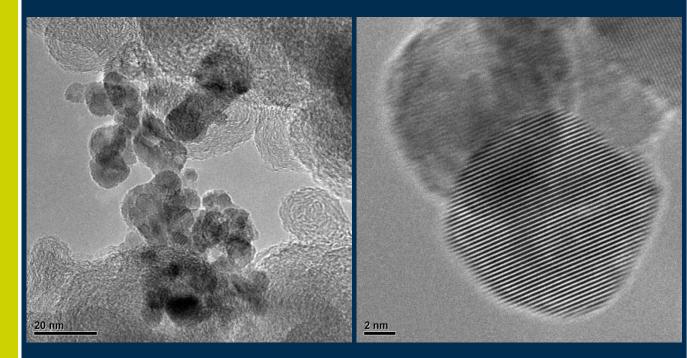


Particles vary from ca. 8 to ca. 15 nm and are often agglomerated



Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity **Characterisation** Conclusions

#### High resolution TEM, Pd-Ni / C, microwaved:

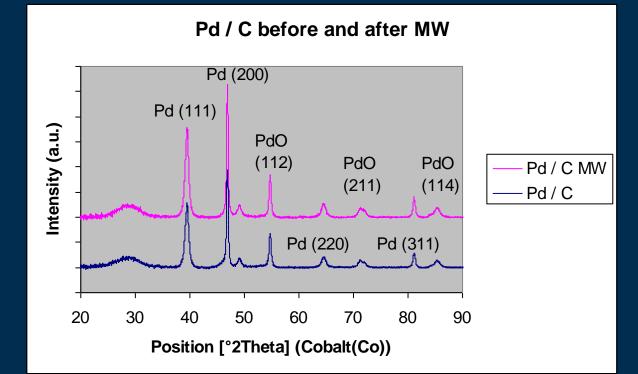


Particles vary from ca. 8 to ca. 15 nm; somewhat more agglomeration observed than before microwaving



Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity Characterisation Conclusions

#### X-ray diffraction spectroscopy:



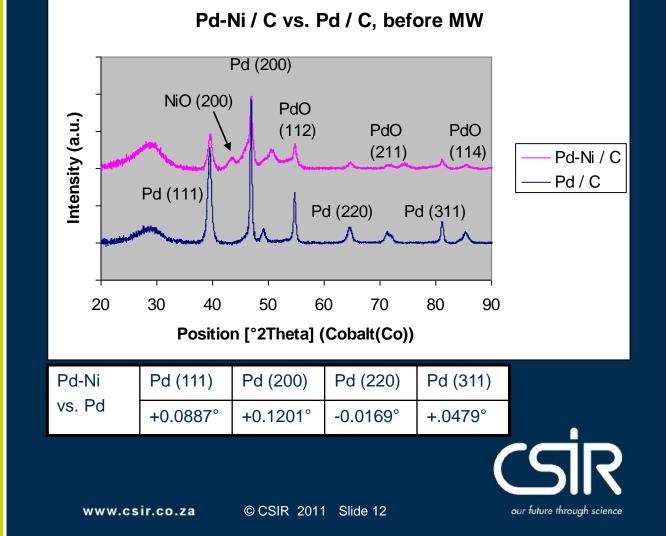
### Lattice parameter: 3.90Å in both cases



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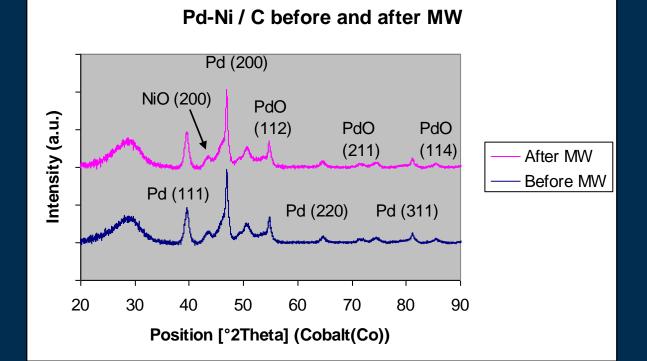
Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity **Characterisation** Conclusions

#### X-ray diffraction spectroscopy:



Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity **Characterisation** Conclusions

#### X-ray diffraction spectroscopy:





Introduction Pechini method and Microwave treatment Catalytic activity Characterisation **Conclusions** 

No previous records found of using Pechini method in conjunction with microwave treatment on Pd-Ni catalysts.

Addition of Ni to Pd enhanced current density (36%)

Microwaving enhanced certain aspects of catalytic activityCurrent density increased (Pd: 64%, Pd-Ni: 140%)

- Onset potentials were not influenced significantly
- EASA was only enhanced for Pd, not for Pd-Ni

Structural analysis showed no apparent differences after microwave treatment • HR-TEM

• XRD

Hypothesis: possible surface modification, e.g. oxidation? Investigation is ongoing.



# Thank you!

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